- III. Folds
  - A. Geometric description of folds
    - 1. Description of single folded surfaces
      - a) in profile
      - b) in **3-D**
      - c) fold attitude
      - d) trains of folds
      - 2. Features of successive surfaces
        - a) in profile
        - b) in **3-D**
        - c) fold attitude
        - d) harmonic and disharmonic folds
  - B. Fold styles
    - 1. Folded layers
      - a) Parallel folds
      - b) Similar folds
      - c) Classification based on dip isogons
    - 2. Buckle folds
    - 3. Kink and chevron folds
    - 4. Similar folds (flow folds)
  - C. Map techniques for folds
    - 1. Structure contours
    - 2. Stereographic projection
      - a) Constructions with two planes
      - b) Multiple measurements: Equal area projection
      - c) Contoured plots and statistical analysis
      - d) Conical folds
    - 3. Axial projection
    - 4. Cross-sections of parallel folds
      - a) Busk method
      - b) Kink method
    - 5. Vergence, facing, and asymmetry
      - a) S and Z folds
      - b) Cleavage-bedding relationships
      - c) Facing direction
  - D. Superimposed fold patterns
    - 1. Type 1
    - 2. Type 2
    - 3. Type 3

- IV. Boudins
- V. Fabrics
  - A. Fabric concept
    - 1. Fabric elements
      - 2. L, S and LS tectonites
  - B. Foliations
    - 1. Common types of foliation
      - Slaty cleavage
      - Schistosity
      - Flattening fabrics Pressure-solution cleavage, differentiated foliation
      - Crenulation cleavage
      - Transposed foliation

## 2. Relationships to folds

- Axial plane foliation Numbering of foliations S1, S2...
- C. Lineations
  - 1. Common types of lineation
    - Stretching lineation Mineral lineation Intersection lineation Crenulation lineation
  - 2. Relationships to folds
    - 'Down-dip' lineation Lineations parallel to fold hinges Numbering lineations